Soa Phourn Teng has defied all odds and obstacles in order to receive an education. She’s now determined to use the knowledge she’s gained to improve the lives of Cambodia’s farmers and increase the country’s agricultural productivity.

Emily Southard - The Pennsylvania State University, USA.

“Soa Phourn has been instrumental in the success of my research,” Emily explains. “She has helped me to understand customs, has gone above and beyond in the research, and we have both learned so much from one another.”

The collaboration between the two students has not only benefited Emily by strengthening her research, it has also benefited Soa Phourn, both financially and educationally. Soa Phourn explains that participating as a translator has helped her support her education, improve her English, and also develop skills she’ll use when she fulfills her goal of owning her own farm. “I also learn from working with you, when I interview a seller or trader. I think that I can learn a lot from the trader or the seller about having a business. If I want to start a farm, I need to learn from them.”

Soa Phourn became involved in Feed the Future in 2019 through the Cambodia Women in Agriculture Network (WAgN) Project implemented by The Pennsylvania State University. When Penn State graduate student Emily Southard needed an interpreter to conduct her thesis fieldwork on gender in vegetable value-chains, Soa Phourn’s professors at the UBB eagerly recommended her.

“‘It didn’t feel good when they said that I’m big, like an older person, when I joined school. But I felt, like, I want to study,’ Soa Phourn describes beginning primary school. ‘I felt shy because I’m the oldest person in the school. Others were only like six years old they started grade one, but for me, starting at 10, it wasn’t good.’”

Soa Phourn started school four years late not because of a lack of desire to study, but because her family lived out in the rice fields, far from the village school. Only when she was 10 years old did the family move to the village, making studying possible. Yet she persevered and has gone through 17 years of studies now, currently pursuing her master’s degree in Sustainable Agriculture at the University of Battambang (UBB).

Soa Phourn has not only overcome obstacles to achieve her educational goals, however, but she’s also defied the odds. In Cambodia, only 12 percent of the female population in 2017 was enrolled in tertiary education (UNESCO, 2019). Soa Phourn is in an even more select group in that she’s now completing graduate studies. Despite the small proportion of women pursuing higher education and the taboos against it, Soa Phourn has never lost her determination.
Working as part of the Cambodia WAgN project was actually not Soa Phourn’s only contribution to the work of Feed the Future, however. She has also interned at the Feed the Future funded sustainable intensification experiment farm operated in tandem with UBB. This farm has given many UBB students exceptional hands on experience to conduct research, gain horticultural skills, and improve business skills as they sometimes sold produce from the farm.

For Soa Phourn, these opportunities from Feed the Future have been essential to her ability to continue to fund her education. She has taken on a variety of jobs to subsidize her education, including providing interpreting services to other research projects and working at the plant shop at UBB, pictured left.

These opportunities allow Soa Phourn to overcome the discouraging judgment she receives from some neighbors in her village who frown on her pursuit of higher education. These neighbors say that a “person that always studies always spends their family’s money and never earn any income to support their family.” Through these opportunities, she’s able to better support herself and depend less on her family to assist her.

Soa Phourn is determined to prove these neighbors wrong. She plans to bring together the education she’s received with the business skills she’s learned from working hands-on with farmers and sellers, such as through the Cambodia WAgN project. She aspires to be an entrepreneur, she explains “because when I work, then I just earn a salary, only a salary. But when I study about agriculture, I can make a business and earn more money.”

Her ultimate goal is to earn enough money through running her own farm to reunite her family, as her sisters are all currently migrant workers in Thailand. “I have always hoped that one day I can make... more money to bring my sisters come back from Thailand, like to live in Cambodia. I want them to not have to live far away from my mother.”

Soa Phourn’s experiences, accomplishments, and ambitions demonstrate how Feed the Future is contributing to its goals of empowering women, encouraging youth involvement in agriculture, and increasing agricultural productivity. Through Soa Phourn’s involvement in Feed the Future, she has been able to help fund her education and overcome obstacles. As a result, she is among the small proportion of Cambodian women pursuing graduate education, despite getting a late start in school due to her rural upbringing. By achieving her aspirations in agricultural entrepreneurship, Soa Phourn hopes to become a mentor in the community for other young women and youths who want to pursue agriculture. Her education in horticulture and sustainable agriculture will allow her to be an efficient, productive, sustainable, and successful farmer, strengthening Cambodia’s agricultural sector.